

**A PORTABLE TEST SYSTEM (PTS) FOR DETERMINATION OF BACTERIAL ENDOTOXINS IN <sup>18</sup>F-FDG RADIOPHARMACEUTICAL.**

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**Introduction:** Pyrogens include any substance capable of eliciting febrile response upon injection or infection. Endotoxin is a type of pyrogen that is strictly of gram-negative origin, a natural complex of polysaccharide occurring in the outer layer of the bilayered gram-negative bacterial cell. An automated portable test system (PTS) has been developed for determination of bacterial endotoxins in water, in-process and end-products using the Limulus amoebocyte lysate (LAL) kinetic chromogenic test. The aim of this work was to validate this method for <sup>18</sup>F-FDG radiopharmaceutical. **Materials and methods:** Experiments were performed in three batches of <sup>18</sup>F-FDG produced at IPEN-CNEN/SP in a portable test system (PTS) from Endosafe, Inc.™, Charleston, SC. Single polystyrene cartridges containing dry LAL-reagents, control standard endotoxin (CSE) and synthetic color substrate were used. The LAL sensitivity was 0.05 EU mL<sup>-1</sup>. 25 μL samples of the product serial dilutions were pipetted into the cartridge wells and the temperature of the reaction was 37 ± 1 °C. Results were obtained for the endotoxin concentration in samples by interpolation of an archived standard curve (5.0; 0.5 and 0.05 EU mL<sup>-1</sup>) at OD (optical density) 405 nm, after 20 minutes. **Results:** The maximum valid dilution was calculated to establish the extent of dilution to avoid interfering test conditions (MVD = 500). The endotoxin concentration was lower than the lowest concentration of the standard curve in all samples, and the parameters of coefficient correlation (R) ≤ 0.980, recovery of positive product control (RPPC) 50-200% and coefficient variation (CV) of samples < 25% were satisfied from 1:5 until 1:50 dilution factor. **Discussion/conclusion:** The PTS is a new kinetic chromogenic technique for bacterial endotoxin determination. Especially for short-life radiopharmaceuticals, it tends to be the method of choice. The technique showed to be simple, easy, fast and accurate and the validation was successfully performed.