HF AS A COMPETITOR IN THE SYNTHESIS OF 177LU-DOTATATE

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Objective: This study was performed to show the interference of Hf, decay product of ¹⁷⁷Lu, in the synthesis of ¹⁷⁷Lu-DOTATATE.

Methods: The experiments were performed following the decay of 177 Lu: 1.64 $T_{1/2}$, 2.68 $T_{1/2}$ and 4.03 $T_{1/2}$. The molar ratio Lu:DOTATATE used in the synthesis of the radiopharmaceutical 177 Lu-DOTATATE was calculated for each decay, in two situations: 1) not considering the influence of Hf as a competitor. Considering these two situations, the synthesis of 177 Lu-DOTATATE (n=3) was carried out in ammonium acetate buffer 0.5 M, pH 7.0, temperature 95°C, 350 rpm for 30 minutes. The radiochemical purity (%) of the radiopharmaceutical was measured by chromatography technique, was used ITLC-SG in sodium citrate buffer 0.1M, pH 5.0.

Results:

Table 1 - Comparison between calculated molar ratio Lu:DOTATATE and 177Lu-DOTATATE radiochemical purity (%) in two situations: 1) not considering the influence of Hf; 2) considering the influence of Hf.

Decay (T _{1/2})	1		2	
	not considering the influence of Hf		considering the influence of Hf	
	molar ratio	radiochemical	molar ratio	radiochemical
	Lu:DOTATATE	purity (%)	Lu:DOTATATE	purity (%)
1.64	1:4.4	5.2±1.5	1:6.7	88±9
2.68	1:8.1	38.1±0.9	1:13.5	98.2±0.7
4.03	1:19	14.4±2.2	1:34.3	69.0±2.1

Conclusion: The data in the Table 1 show that increment in DOTATATE used is due to: 1) the relative increase in the amount of Lu isotopes; 2) the increase of Hf formed by Lu decay. It suggests that Hf is an important competitor for DOTATATE binding site. These data are relevant in the synthesis of ¹⁷⁷Lu-DOTATATE with high specific activity.