Modeling, simulation and shape optimization of a proton

exchange membrane fuel cell using computational fluid dynamics

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Abstract

This paper presents the modeling, simulation and optimization of a single channel proton

exchange membrane fuel cell (PEMFC) using computational fluid dynamics methods. The

shape optimization of the cross section of the flow channels was employed to improve the

electrical performance of the fuel cell. The minimization of the standard deviation of the

current density on the longitudinal mid-plane of the membrane was the objective function of

the single-objective optimization problem, the upper and lower widths of the flow channels

were the control variables and a cross-section area restriction was imposed. The optimized

flow-channel PEMFC presented improved electrical performance, with higher current and

power densities and a more uniform current density distribution than the rectangular flow

channel. It is also expected that a more uniform current distribution improves the durability

and water management of the fuel cell.

Keywords: PEMFC, Flow Field, Numerical Simulation, CFD, Shape Optimization