## Position sensitive GEM-based neutron detector prototype <u>\*L. A. Serra Filho<sup>1</sup></u>, M. Bregant<sup>1</sup>, M. G. Munhoz<sup>1</sup>, F. A. Souza<sup>2</sup>, M. Moralles<sup>2</sup>, H. Natal da Luz<sup>3</sup>

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In response to the <sup>3</sup>He shortage [1], alternatives for thermal neutron detection are being pursued nowadays. Elements such as <sup>157</sup>Gd, <sup>10</sup>B and <sup>6</sup>Li are commonly used to substitute <sup>3</sup>He due to their high neutron capture cross section.

In this work, we present our thermal neutron detector prototype, which makes use of <sup>10</sup>B as converter. This detector works under Ar/CO<sub>2</sub> (90/10) open flux and uses two gas electron multipliers (GEMs) [2] microstructures to multiply the charge signal. The neutrons are detected through the gas ionization generated by the products of the <sup>10</sup>B(n, a)<sup>7</sup>Li reaction. The neutron capture takes place in the inside face of the aluminum cathode, which is coated with a 2.2  $\mu$ m thick <sup>10</sup>B<sub>4</sub>C layer (deposition kindly provided by the European Spallation Source (ESS) laboratories).

Experimental measurements obtained in the IEA-R1 nuclear research reactor, at the Nuclear and Energy Research Institute (IPEN), shown that our prototype presents high stability, position sensitivity with spatial resolution better than 3 mm and an efficiency of 2.97(25)%, allowing its application as beam profiler. Methods to increase the neutron detection efficiency will then be discussed.

## References

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